



Scrum Product Owner Practice Exam

General Information

- **Duration:** 45 minutes
- **Question Type:** Multiple-Choice (one or more correct answers possible)
- **Passing Score:** 75% of the maximum points
- **Maximum Score:** 20 points
- **Scoring:**
 - Correct answer: **+1 point**
 - No selection: **0 points**

Disclaimer: This practice exam is for study purposes only and is **not an official certification exam**. The questions are based on the **Scrum Guide** and are intended for self-assessment.



Section: Role and Responsibility of the Product Owner

Question 1: Who is responsible for maximizing product success in the Scrum Team?

- A) Scrum Master
 - B) Product Owner
 - C) Developers
 - D) Stakeholders
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Question 2: In which case does a Product Owner best fulfill their role?

- A) When they write all User Stories and tell the team how to implement them
 - B) When they understand stakeholder needs, prioritize, and make decisions about value
 - C) When they delegate all business decisions to management
 - D) When they approve the developers' work in the Sprint Review
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Question 3: What distinguishes the Product Owner from a traditional Project Manager?

- A) They are responsible for budget, schedule, and scope.
 - B) They manage resources and delegate tasks.
 - C) They maximize value by prioritizing the backlog.
 - D) They monitor the developers' productivity.
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Question 4: What risk arises if a Product Owner tries to act as a Scrum Master at the same time?

- A) None – the roles complement each other perfectly.
- B) Conflicts of interest between coaching and value maximization.
- C) The Scrum Team becomes more efficient.
- D) Additional costs arise.



Section: Product Backlog Management

Question 5: Who decides on the order of the Product Backlog Items?

- A) Scrum Master
 - B) Product Owner
 - C) Developers
 - D) Stakeholders
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Question 6: Which of the following scenarios shows a well-maintained Product Backlog?

- A) The items are rough for the coming months and detailed for the upcoming Sprints.
 - B) All items are fully described at the beginning of the project.
 - C) The backlog is updated only at the request of management.
 - D) It contains only functional requirements.
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Question 7: What happens if the Product Owner does not regularly update the Product Backlog?

- A) The Scrum Team can still easily select the most valuable items.
 - B) Developers may end up working on less valuable topics.
 - C) The Scrum Master automatically takes over responsibility.
 - D) The stakeholders take over prioritization.
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Question 8: Which statements about Product Backlog Items are correct? (Multiple answers possible)

- A) They must be transparent and understandable to everyone.
- B) They are always fully described before being added to the backlog.
- C) They can consist of features, bugs, or technical tasks.
- D) They are added exclusively by management.

Section: Scrum Artifacts (Product Goal, Sprint Goal, Increment)

Question 9: What is the purpose of the Product Goal?

- A) To define the scope for all Sprints
 - B) To define a long-term target state for the product
 - C) To align the budget with management
 - D) To measure progress in the project plan
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Question 10: Which statement about the Sprint Goal is correct?

- A) It describes why the Sprint is valuable.
 - B) It is optional and does not need to be created.
 - C) It can be changed at any time by the Product Owner.
 - D) It is defined by management.
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Question 11: Who decides whether a Product Goal is replaced or changed?

- A) Management
 - B) Scrum Master
 - C) Product Owner
 - D) Developers
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Question 12: Who is responsible for creating the Increment?

- A) Developers
- B) Product Owner
- C) Scrum Master
- D) Stakeholders

Section: Scrum Events and Collaboration

Question 13: Who decides how much work can be completed in the Sprint?

- A) Product Owner
 - B) Developers
 - C) Scrum Master
 - D) Stakeholders
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Question 14: What is the main purpose of the Sprint Review from the Product Owner's perspective?

- A) Present progress based on KPIs
 - B) Gather feedback and derive next steps for the Product Backlog
 - C) Approve the developers' work
 - D) Ensure that the Definition of Done was met
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Question 15: What role does the Product Owner have in the Daily Scrum?

- A) They lead the meeting and ask for status updates.
 - B) They have no formal role but may attend.
 - C) They review the developers' work.
 - D) They decide which tasks are done next.
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Question 16: In which Scrum events does the Product Owner typically have the most active role? (Multiple answers possible)

- A) Sprint Planning
- B) Sprint Review
- C) Daily Scrum
- D) Retrospective

Section: Empiricism and Value Maximization

Question 17: Which three pillars form the foundation of empiricism in Scrum? *(Multiple answers possible)*

- A) Transparency
 - B) Inspection
 - C) Adaptation
 - D) Predictability
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Question 18: Who ensures that the Product Backlog is transparent to all stakeholders?

- A) Product Owner
 - B) Scrum Master
 - C) Developers
 - D) Management
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Question 19: What types of items can be included in the Product Backlog?

- A) Only user stories
 - B) Only features
 - C) Features, bugs, technical improvements, and ideas
 - D) Only requirements approved by management
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Question 20: What is the primary goal of the Product Owner within Scrum?

- A) Adherence to time and budget
- B) Maximization of product value
- C) Control of the developers' work
- D) Ensuring that stakeholders are always satisfied

Solution Matrix – Scrum Product Owner Practice Exam



Question	Correct Answer(s)	Points
1	B) Product Owner	+1
2	B) When they understand stakeholder needs, prioritize, and make decisions about value	+1
3	C) They maximize value by prioritizing the backlog.	+1
4	B) Conflicts of interest between coaching and value maximization.	+1
5	B) Product Owner	+1
6	A) The items are rough for the coming months and detailed for the upcoming Sprints.	+1
7	B) Developers may end up working on less valuable topics.	+1
8	A) They must be transparent and understandable to everyone. C) They can consist of features, bugs, or technical tasks.	+1
9	B) To define a long-term target state for the product	+1
10	A) It describes why the Sprint is valuable.	+1
11	C) Product Owner	+1
12	A) Developers	+1
13	B) Developers	+1
14	B) Gather feedback and derive next steps for the Product Backlog	+1
15	B) They have no formal role but may attend.	+1
16	A) Sprint Planning B) Sprint Review	+1
17	A) Transparency B) Inspection C) Adaptation	+1
18	A) Product Owner	+1
19	C) Features, bugs, technical improvements, and ideas	+1
20	B) Maximization of product value	+1

Maximum possible score: 20 points

Passing score: At least 15 points (75%)